## PRESENTER'S GUIDE

# "SAFETY HOUSEKEEPING AND ACCIDENT PREVENTION IN OFFICE ENVIRONMENTS"

Part of MARCOM's Safety, Regulatory and Human Resources Library



# **OUTLINE OF MAJOR PROGRAM POINTS**

The following outline summarizes the major points of information presented in the program. The outline can be used to review the program before conducting a classroom session, as well as in preparing to lead a class discussion about the program.

- There are several keys to preventing accidents.
  They include...
  - Maintaining a good "safety attitude".
  - Developing good "safety habits".
  - Learning how to use sound judgement.
  - Knowing your body's limitations just like you know its abilities.
- It takes real thought and practice to learn how to avoid mental and physical stress when you're on the job. You have to be able to...
  - Pace yourself.
  - Recognize when you need to take a break.
  - Never bite off more than you can chew.
- When things become routine, we sometimes forget hazards that are lurking around the next corner. To stay sharp and avoid accidents...
  - Never let your body run on "auto-pilot" with your mind somewhere else.
  - Don't let pressure on the job make you reckless.
- If you are using sound judgment in your office work area you should...
  - Pay attention to warning systems like smoke detectors and emergency lights.
  - Never overload electrical outlets or surge protectors.

- Clutter and large and small hazards are major causes of accidents at work. To avoid potential "tripping" problems...
  - Dispose of excess material and rubbish as quickly as possible.
  - Keep walkways, halls, aisles and stairways free of debris and equipment. (don't store furniture or supplies there either).
- Keep doorways clear, especially emergency exits.
  - Mark slippery areas with hazard signs so people will know to tread carefully.
- You should also...
  - Clearly outline walkways so that everyone knows where the safe paths are.
  - Correct small hazards such as a screw jutting out from a door sill, a pencil lying on the floor or a loose piece of carpet.
  - Make sure electrical cords are taped down.
  - Keep drawers closed to prevent painful "trips" to the floor.
  - Report bad lighting immediately.
- Using tools and equipment properly and safely is an important part of accident prevention. Always make sure that...
  - Tools are clean and in good shape.
  - Knives and other cutting edges are kept sharp (when a blade is dull, the extra force needed to make a cut could cause you to lose control).
  - You are using the correct tool for the job.
  - You use a step stool or ladder to get you "up high", not a chair.
- To avoid back injuries when carrying equipment and supplies, get a good grip and take your time.
- If an object is too heavy or bulky to lift alone...
  - Use a hand truck.
  - ...or ask for help.

- A major part of safety housekeeping and accident prevention involves substances that you work around every day.
  - You might be surprised how many at your workplace are hazardous.

### Before you start to work...

- Read labels on soaps, cleaners and disinfectants and follow their instructions.
- Check printer and copy machine toner boxes for mentions of chemicals.
- Read Safety Data Sheets (SDSs) as well.
- Wear personal protective equipment such as goggles, gloves or respirators. (check the SDS or talk to your supervisor to find out what PPE you should be using).

#### When storing chemicals...

- Read the SDS and the labels to determine the environment they need.
- Pay attention to temperature and ventilation requirements.

#### You should also...

 Never overstock shelves (too many containers make it difficult to find what you want and can increase the chance of a spill).

#### \* \* \* SUMMARY \* \* \*

- Your workplace can contain both obvious and hidden hazards, which can decrease productivity and result in painful injuries, even death.
- To prevent accidents, you need to maintain a good "safety attitude", develop good "safety habits" and know your body's limitations and abilities.

- Keeping your workplace neat and clean every day, marking slippery areas with hazard signs and keeping drawers closed, can reduce tripping and slipping accidents.
- Another important part of accident prevention is using tools and equipment properly and safely and using the correct tool for the job.
- You can help to create a safer workplace if you know the hazards and follow the rules for creating a risk-free environment every day!